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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/563,728	07/21/2006	Bertram Jacobs	01231.0023U2	1957
	7590 11/19/2007 DSENBERG, P.C. .EE STREET	EXAMINER WHITEMAN, BRIAN A		
SUITE 1000 ATLANTA, GA	A 30309-3915		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1635	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/19/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/563,728	JACOBS ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Brian Whiteman	1635			
Period fo	 The MAILING DATE of this communication apport Reply 	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address –			
WHIC - Exte efter - If NC - Fallu Any	IORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DAINS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Dispriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period ware to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing led patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status			,			
1)🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02 M	ay 2007.	•			
2a)□	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This	action is non-final.				
3)□	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
4) ☑ Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☑ Claim(s) 1-10 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers						
•	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on <u>06 January 2006</u> is/are:		to butto Everine			
•	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
•	Replacement drawing sheet(s) Including the correcti	***				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119		•			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	•			
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mall Date 9/8/08, 1/6/08. Paper No(s)/Mall Date 9/8/08, 1/6/08. Paper No(s)/Mall Date 9/8/08, 1/6/08.						

Art Unit: 1635

DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-10 are pending.

Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election of Group I (claims 1-10) and species E3L in claim 4 in the reply filed on 5/2/07 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)).

KSL and combination thereof in claim 4 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected species, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made without traverse in the reply filed on 5/2/07.

Priority

If applicant desires to claim the benefit of a prior-filed application under 35 U.S.C.120, a specific reference to the prior-filed application in compliance with 37 CFR 1.78(a) must be included in the first sentence(s) of the specification following the title or in an application data sheet. For benefit claims under 35 U.S.C. 120, 121 or 365(c), the reference must include the relationship (i.e., continuation, divisional, or continuation-in-part) of the applications.

If the instant application is a utility or plant application filed under 35 U.S.C. 111(a) on or after November 29, 2000, the specific reference must be submitted during the pendency of the application and within the later of four months from the actual filing date of the application or sixteen months from the filing date of the prior application. If the application is a utility or plant

Art Unit: 1635

application which entered the national stage from an international application filed on or after November 29, 2000, after compliance with 35 U.S.C. 371, the specific reference must be submitted during the pendency of the application and within the later of four months from the date on which the national stage commenced under 35 U.S.C. 371(b) or (f) or sixteen months from the filing date of the prior application. See 37 CFR 1.78(a)(2)(ii) and (a)(5)(ii). This time period is not extendable and a failure to submit the reference required by 35 U.S.C. 119(e) and/or 120, where applicable, within this time period is considered a waiver of any benefit of such prior application(s) under 35 U.S.C. 119(e), 120, 121 and 365(c). A benefit claim filed after the required time period may be accepted if it is accompanied by a grantable petition to accept an unintentionally delayed benefit claim under 35 U.S.C. 119(e), 120, 121 and 365(c). The petition must be accompanied by (1) the reference required by 35 U.S.C. 120 or 119(e) and 37 CFR 1.78(a)(2) or (a)(5) to the prior application (unless previously submitted), (2) a surcharge under 37 CFR 1.17(t), and (3) a statement that the entire delay between the date the claim was due under 37 CFR 1.78(a)(2) or (a)(5) and the date the claim was filed was unintentional. The Director may require additional information where there is a question whether the delay was unintentional. The petition should be addressed to: Mail Stop Petition, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450.

If the reference to the prior application was previously submitted within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 1.78(a), but not in the first sentence(s) of the specification or an application data sheet (ADS) as required by 37 CFR 1.78(a) (e.g., if the reference was submitted in an oath or declaration or the application transmittal letter), and the information concerning the benefit claim was recognized by the Office as shown by its inclusion on the first filing receipt, the

Art Unit: 1635

petition under 37 CFR 1.78(a) and the surcharge under 37 CFR 1.17(t) are not required.

Applicant is still required to submit the reference in compliance with 37 CFR 1.78(a) by filing an amendment to the first sentence(s) of the specification or an ADS. See MPEP § 201.11.

Information Disclosure Statement

The examiner has considered the international search report.

The references cited in the Search Report 1/6/06 have been considered, and will be listed on any patent resulting from this application because they were provided on a separate list in compliance with 37 CFR 1.98(a)(1).

Specification

The abstract of the disclosure does not commence on a separate sheet in accordance with 37 CFR 1.52(b)(4). A new abstract of the disclosure is required and must be presented on a separate sheet, apart from any other text.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Art Unit: 1635

Claims 1 and 3-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Roberts et al. (A2, cited on an IDS). Roberts et al. teach a method of treating neoplasm in a mammal using a vaccinia virus having a mutation in the E3L gene (pages 10 and 26). Roberts et al. teach the neoplasm can be breast or prostate (page 11). The skilled artisan can administer the virus using intravenous administration (page 11). With respect to the limitation "reduced ability to inhibit PKR and increased sensitivity to interferon" in instant claim 8 the vaccinia virus taught in the prior art reads on the product recited in claim 8. Thus, a product with the same structural as another product should have the same properties as that product.

A REFERENCE TEACHING PRODUCT APPEARING TO BE SUBSTANTIALLY IDENTICAL IS MADE THE BASIS OF A REJECTION, AND THE EXAMINER PRESENTS EVIDENCE OR REASONING TENDING TO SHOW INHERENCY, THE BURDEN SHIFTS TO THE APPLICANT TO SHOW AN UNOBVIOUS DIFFERENCE

"|T|he PTO can require an applicant to prove that the prior art products do not necessarily or inherently possess the characteristics of his [or her] claimed product. Whether the rejection is based on inherency' under 35 U.S.C. 102, on prima facie obviousness' under 35 U.S.C. 103, jointly or alternatively, the burden of proof is the same...[footnote omitted]." The burden of proof is similar to that required with respect to product-by-process claims. *In re Fitzgerald*, 619 F.2d 67, 70, 205 USPQ 594, 596 (CCPA 1980) (quoting *In re Best*, 562 F.2d 1252, 1255, 195 USPQ 430, 433-34 (CCPA 1977)).

MPEP 2112.01:

PRODUCT AND APPARATUS CLAIMS

WHEN THE STRUCTURE RECITED IN THE REFERENCE IS SUBSTANTIALLY IDENTICAL TOTHAT OF THE CLAIMS, CLAIMED PROPERTIES OR FUNCTIONS ARE PRESUMED TO BE INHERENT

Where the claimed and prior art products are identical or substantially identical in structure or composition, or are produced by identical or substantially identical processes, a prima facie case of either anticipation or obviousness has been established. In re Best, 562 F.2d 1252, 1255, 195 USPQ 430, 433 (CCPA 1977). When the PTO shows a sound basis for believing that the products of the applicant and the prior art are the same, the applicant has the burden of showing that they are not. In re Spada, 911 F.2d 705, 709, 15 USPQ2d 1655, 1658 (Fed. Cir. 1990). Therefore, the prima facie case can be rebutted by evidence showing that the prior art products do not necessarily possess the characteristics of the claimed product. In re Best, 562 F.2d at 1255, 195 USPQ at 433.

Art Unit: 1635

Claims 1 and 4-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Lee et al. (Virology 199, 491-496, 1994). Lee et al. teach apoptosis in a cancer cell line (HeLa) exposed to vaccinia virus lacking an E31 gene (abstract). With respect to the limitation "reduced ability to inhibit PKR and increased sensitivity to interferon" in instant claim 8 the vaccinia virus taught in the prior art reads on the product recited in claim 8. See In re Best and In re Spada.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later

Art Unit: 1635

invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Roberts et al. (A2, cited on an IDS) taken with Coffey et al. (US 20020028195). Roberts et al. teach a method of treating neoplasm in a mammal using a vaccinia virus having a mutation in the E3L gene (pages 10 and 26). Roberts et al. teach the neoplasm can be breast or prostate (page 11). However, Roberts et al. does not specifically teach administering the virus to cancer cells that are ras-transformed cells.

However, at the time the invention was made, Coffey teaches administering modified vaccinia virus to ras-transformed cells (page 2). "Mutation or deletion of the genes responsible for antagonizing PKR should prevent viral replication in cells in which the PKR activity is normal (i.e. normal cells) (page 2)." "However, if infected cells are unable to activate the antiviral response mediated through PKR (i.e., Ras-mediated tumor cells), then these mutant viruses should replicate unheeded and cause cell death (page 2)." "Therefore, these mutant viruses can replicate preferentially in Ras-transformed cells where it is determined that PKR is unable to function (page 2)."

It would have been *prima facie* obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Roberts et al. taken with Coffey, namely to administer modified vaccinia virus to ras-transformed cells. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to combine the teaching since viruses can replicate preferentially in ras-transformed cells where PKR is unable to function.

Art Unit: 1635

In view of Roberts and Coffey, one of ordinary skill in the art would have had a reasonable expectation of success for administering the virus to Ras transformed cells.

Therefore the invention as a whole would have been *prima facie* obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brian Whiteman whose telephone number is (571) 272-0764.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 6:30 to 4:00 (Eastern Standard Time), with alternating Fridays off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Douglas Schultz, SPE - Art Unit 1635, can be reached at (571) 272-0763.

Papers related to this application may be submitted to Group 1600 by facsimile transmission. Papers should be faxed to Group 1600 via the PTO Fax Center. The faxing of such papers must conform with the notice published in the Official Gazette, 1096 OG 30 (November 15, 1989). The Fax Center number is (571) 273-8300.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to (571) 272-0547.

Patent applicants with problems or questions regarding electronic images that can be viewed in the Patent Application Information Retrieval system (PAIR) can now contact the USPTO's Patent Electronic Business Center (Patent EBC) for assistance. Representatives are available to answer your questions daily from 6 am to midnight (EST). The toll free number is (866) 217-9197. When calling please have your application serial or patent number, the type of document you are having an image problem with, the number of pages and the specific nature of the problem. The Patent Electronic Business Center will notify applicants of the resolution of the problem within 5-7 business days. Applicants can also check PAIR to confirm that the problem has been corrected. The USPTO's Patent Electronic Business Center is a complete service center supporting all patent business on the Internet. The USPTO's PAIR system provides Internet-based access to patent application status and history information. It also enables applicants to view the scanned images of their own application file folder(s) as well as general patent information available to the public.

For all other customer support, please call the USPTO Call Center (UCC) at 800-786-9199.

Art Unit: 1635

/Brian Whiteman/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1635 Page 9

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US04/22165

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER						
IPC(7) : A01N 63/00; A61K 48/00						
US CL. : 424/93.2						
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC						
B. FIELDS SEARCHED •						
Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)						
U.S.: 424/93.2	y diagnitudos dynasticy					
U.S. : 424195.2						
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched						
Documentation out and Class and State of the						
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)						
Please See Continuation Sheet						
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	Delimina de la Va					
Category • Citation of document, with indication, where ap	propriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to claim No.					
X LEB et al. The interferon-induced double stranded R	NA-activated protein kinase induces 1, 4-6, 8, 11-15					
apoptosis Virology 1994, Vol 199, pages 491-496.						
X US 2002/0155529 A1 (JACOBS et al) 24 October 20	02, (24.10.2002), see whole document, 1, 4-8, 11-16					
especially pages 2-3.	1 2 16					
X US 2003/00444384 A1 (ROBERTS et al) 06 March 2	2003 (06.03.2003), see whole . 1, 3-16					
document, especially pages 11 and 26-28.						
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Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.	See patent family annex.					
	T" later document published after the international filing date or priority					
Special categories of cited documents:	date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the					
"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be	principle or theory underlying the invention					
of particular relevance	"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be					
"B" earlier application or patent published on or after the international filing date	considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step					
	when the document is taken alone					
"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as	"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be					
specified)	considered to involve an inventive step when the document is					
t Made and a second	combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art					
"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means	Demit options to a betson symmetr in this site					
"P" document published prior to the International filing date but later than the	"&" document member of the same patent family					
priority date claimed						
Date of the actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international search report					
•	13 10 N 2005					
09 December 2004 (09.12.2004)	Authorized officer					
Name and mailing address of the ISA/US	Audiorace office Land al now.					
Mail Stop PCT, Attn: ISA/US	Brian Whiteman					
Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450	_ // 5000					
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450	Telephone No. (703) \$68-0196					
Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230						
Form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet) (January 2004)	//					

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT	International application No. PCT/US04/22165					
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Continuation of B. FIELDS SEARCHED Item 3: WEST, STN						
WEST, STN search terms: vaccinia virus, mutant, oncolytic, E3L, K3L, PKR, inactivation, cancer, tumor, neoplasm						
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Form PCT/ISA/210 (extra sheet) (January 2004)